# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2019

OR

• TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-35060



## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

**51-0619477** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5 Sylvan Way, Suite 300

Parsippany, New Jersey, 07054

(Address and Zip Code of Principal Executive Offices)

(973) 254-3560

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

# PACIRA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Former name, former address and formal fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files.) x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o Emerging growth company o If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes x No

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered					
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	PCRX	Nasdaq Global Select Market					

As of April 28, 2019, 41,296,937 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, were outstanding.

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## (In thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	March 31, 2019	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 215,036	\$	132,526
Short-term investments	197,406		250,928
Accounts receivable, net	39,766		38,000
Inventories, net	47,028		48,569
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	9,437		7,946
Total current assets	508,673		477,969
Long-term investments			25,871
Fixed assets, net	107,051		108,670
Right-of-use assets, net	26,686		_
Goodwill	62,040		62,040
Equity investment	14,146		14,146
Other assets	560		657
Total assets	\$ 719,156	\$	689,353
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 13 360	\$	1/1 368

Accounts payable	\$ 13,369	\$ 14,368
Accrued expenses	39,696	45,865
Lease liabilities	5,583	—
Convertible senior notes		338
Income taxes payable	343	90
Total current liabilities	58,991	 60,661
Convertible senior notes	294,356	290,592
Lease liabilities	29,297	—
Other liabilities	8,993	16,874
Total liabilities	 391,637	 368,127
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018	_	_
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 250,000,000 shares authorized; 41,288,703 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019; 41,222,799 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2018	41	41
Additional paid-in capital	718,449	709,691
Accumulated deficit	(391,153)	(388,226)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	182	(280)
Total stockholders' equity	 327,519	321,226
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 719,156	\$ 689,353

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

## (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2019		2018	
Revenues:				
Net product sales	\$ 90,906	\$	74,287	
Royalty revenue	407		320	
Total revenues	91,313		74,607	
Operating expenses:				
Cost of goods sold	27,303		22,885	
Research and development	14,384		14,378	
Selling, general and administrative	48,518		44,191	
Product discontinuation	29		90	
Total operating expenses	 90,234		81,544	
Income (loss) from operations	 1,079	-	(6,937)	
Other (expense) income:				
Interest income	2,156		1,374	
Interest expense	(5,814)		(5,157)	
Other, net	61		75	
Total other expense, net	 (3,597)		(3,708)	
Loss before income taxes	 (2,518)		(10,645)	
Income tax expense	(253)		(35)	
Net loss	\$ (2,771)	\$	(10,680)	
Net loss per share:				
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.07)	\$	(0.26)	

Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.07) \$	(0.26)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic and diluted	41,240	40,707

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

## (In thousands) (Unaudited)

		onths Ended rch 31,
	2019	2018
Net loss	\$ (2,771)	\$ (10,680)
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments	462	(447)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	462	(447)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (2,309)	\$ (11,127)

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Comm	on Sto	ck	Additional Paid-In	A	Accumulated	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	
	Shares	A	mount	 Capital		Deficit	 Income (Loss)	 Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	41,223	\$	41	\$ 709,691	\$	(388,226)	\$ (280)	\$ 321,226
Cumulative effect adjustment of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2016-02 (Note 2)	_			_		(156)	_	(156)
Exercise of stock options	62		_	1,557		_		1,557
Vested restricted stock units	4		_	_		_	—	_
Stock-based compensation	_		_	7,434		_		7,434
Retirement of equity component of 2019 convertible senior notes	—		—	(233)		—	—	(233)
Net unrealized gain on investments	_		_	_		_	462	462
Net loss	_					(2,771)		(2,771)
Balance at March 31, 2019	41,289	\$	41	\$ 718,449	\$	(391,153)	\$ 182	\$ 327,519

	Comm	on Stock		Additional			-	ccumulated Other	
	Shares	Am	ount	Paid-In Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit		omprehensive 1come (Loss)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	40,669	\$	41	\$ 669,032	\$	(389,136)	\$	(454) \$	279,483
Cumulative effect adjustment of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2014-09				_		1,361		_	1,361
Exercise of stock options	46		—	419		—		—	419
Vested restricted stock units	5		—	—		—		—	
Stock-based compensation			—	8,385		_			8,385
Net unrealized loss on investments			—			—		(447)	(447)
Net loss			—	_		(10,680)			(10,680)
Balance at March 31, 2018	40,720	\$	41	\$ 677,836	\$	(398,455)	\$	(901) \$	278,521

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	 2019		2018
Operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (2,771)	\$	(10,680)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation of fixed assets	3,600		2,762
Amortization of unfavorable lease obligation and debt issuance costs	420		391
Amortization of debt discount	3,345		3,113
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	—		10
Stock-based compensation	7,434		8,385
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	(1,766)		798
Inventories, net	1,540		1,368
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,644)		(1,210)
Accounts payable	(1,442)		106
Accrued expenses and income taxes payable	(5,166)		(7,623)
Other liabilities	 (51)		(109)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 3,499		(2,689)
Investing activities:			
Purchases of fixed assets	(2,018)		(5,184)
Purchases of investments	(22,688)		(130,580
Sales of investments	103,187		127,764
Payment of contingent consideration	—		(2,293)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 78,481		(10,293)
Financing activities:			
Proceeds from exercises of stock options	1,101		419
Repayment of 2019 convertible senior notes	(338)		_
Conversion premium on convertible senior notes	(233)		_
Net cash provided by financing activities	 530		419
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 82,510		(12,563)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	132,526		54,126
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 215,036	\$	41,563
Supplemental cash flow information:	 		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 5	\$	4,102
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Net decrease in accrued fixed assets	\$ (37)	\$	(233)
See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements			

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

## NOTE 1—DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Pacira BioSciences, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "Pacira") is a leader in developing, manufacturing and commercializing non-opioid pain management and regenerative health solutions dedicated to advancing and improving outcomes for health care practitioners and their patients. The Company's long-acting, local analgesic, EXPAREL® (bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension), was commercially launched in the United States in April 2012. EXPAREL utilizes DepoFoam®, a unique and proprietary delivery technology that encapsulates drugs without altering their molecular structure, and releases them over a desired period of time. In April 2019, the Company added the iovera<sup>o®</sup>, or Iovera, system to its commercial offering with its acquisition of MyoScience, Inc., or MyoScience. The Iovera system is a handheld cryoanalgesia device used to deliver precise, controlled doses of cold temperature only to targeted nerves.

The Company changed its name from Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. to Pacira BioSciences, Inc. upon completing the acquisition of MyoScience in April 2019 in order to better reflect a broadening portfolio of innovative non-opioid pain management and regenerative health solutions. See Note 16, *Subsequent Events*, for more information.

Pacira is subject to risks common to companies in similar industries and stages, including, but not limited to, competition from larger companies, reliance on revenue from two products, reliance on a limited number of manufacturing sites, new technological innovations, dependence on key personnel, reliance on third-party service providers and sole source suppliers, protection of proprietary technology, compliance with government regulations and risks related to cybersecurity.

## NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, or GAAP, and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, for interim reporting. Pursuant to these rules and regulations, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in complete annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted. Therefore, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The condensed consolidated financial statements at March 31, 2019, and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, are unaudited, but include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the financial information set forth herein in accordance with GAAP. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2018 is derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. The accounts of wholly-owned subsidiaries are included in the condensed consolidated financial statements. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The results of operations for these interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim periods or for the full year.

#### Concentration of Major Customers

The Company sells EXPAREL through a drop-ship program under which orders are processed through wholesalers (including AmerisourceBergen Health Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc. and McKesson Drug Company), but shipments of the product are sent directly to individual accounts, such as hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers and individual doctors. The Company also sells EXPAREL directly to ambulatory surgical centers and physicians. The table below includes the percentage of net product sales processed by the Company's three largest wholesalers in each period presented:

		nths Ended rch 31,
	2019	2018
Largest wholesaler	36%	34%
Second largest wholesaler	29%	31%
Third largest wholesaler	26%	26%
Total	91%	91%

#### Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, and subsequently issued clarifications and corrections to the update by issuing ASU 2018-10 in July 2018. This update required lessees to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for those leases classified as operating leases under previous authoritative guidance. For income statement purposes, the new standard retained a dual model similar to Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, 840, requiring leases to be classified as either operating or financing. Operating leases continue to result in straight-line expense while financing leases result in a front-loaded expense pattern (similar to previous accounting guidance by lessees for operating and capital leases, respectively, under ASC 840).

The Company adopted ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019 using the effective date method. There were a number of practical expedients available to the Company at transition which it elected to apply upon adoption. The Company did not re-assess (i) whether its contracts contained a lease under the new definition of a lease and (ii) the classification of those leases. There were no initial direct costs previously capitalized on the consolidated balance sheet. In addition, the Company applied hindsight in the determination of the lease terms, in the assessment of the likelihood that a lease renewal, termination or purchase option will be exercised, and in the assessment of any potential impairments that existed on the right-of-use, or ROU, assets recognized at adoption. The Company also elected not to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability for those leases with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less.

At adoption on January 1, 2019, the lease liability was equal to the present value of future lease payments and a ROU asset was recorded based on the lease liability, adjusted for items such as prepaid and accrued lease payments. The Company recorded \$36.5 million of lease liabilities and \$27.6 million of ROU assets as of January 1, 2019, the difference representing previously recorded lease-related assets and liabilities. There was a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings of \$0.2 million upon adoption. Refer to Note 6, *Leases*, for further information on the Company's existing leases.

The lease liability recognized upon adoption was based upon the present value of the sum of the remaining minimum lease payments (as previously identified under ASC 840), determined using the discount rate as of the date of adoption. The discount rate was based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate on a collateralized basis over a similar remaining term and in a similar economic environment.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Adopted as of March 31, 2019

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which requires entities to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Entities will now use forward-looking information to better form their credit loss estimates. This update also requires enhanced disclosures to help financial statement users better understand significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an entity's portfolio. This standard will become effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2016-13 on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework.* The purpose of the update is to improve the effectiveness of the fair value measurement disclosures that allows for clear communication of information that is most important to the users of financial statements. There were certain required disclosures that have been removed or modified. In addition, the update added the following disclosures: (i) changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income (loss) for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period and (ii) the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. The standard will become effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2018-13 on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40: Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract*, which aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The update provides guidance to determine which implementation costs to capitalize as they relate to the service contract and which costs to expense. In addition, the update further defines the term of the hosting arrangement to include the non-cancelable period of the arrangement plus periods covered by (i) an option to extend the arrangement if the customer is reasonably certain to exercise that option; (ii) an option to terminate the arrangement if the customer is reasonably certain to extend (or not to terminate) the arrangement in which exercise of the option is in the control of the vendor. Any expense related to the capitalized implementation costs should be recorded in the same financial statement line item in the consolidated statements of operations as the fees associated with the hosting element of the arrangement, and the payments for capitalized implementation costs incurred after the date of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2018-15 on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-04, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments,* which provides amendments to the recognition and measurement of certain financial assets and financial liabilities. One of those amendments requires that equity securities without readily determinable fair values accounted for under the measurement alternative be re-measured when an orderly transaction is identified for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer. This standard will become effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2019-04 on its consolidated financial statements.

Other pronouncements issued by the FASB or other authoritative accounting standards groups with future effective dates are either not applicable or not significant to the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

#### Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company recognizes ROU assets and lease liabilities at the commencement of its lease agreements. The leases are evaluated at commencement to determine whether they should be classified as operating or financing leases. Lease costs associated with operating leases are recognized on a straight-line basis, while lease costs for financing leases are recognized over the lease term using the effective interest method. To date, the Company does not have any financing leases. The amount of ROU assets and lease liabilities to be recognized is impacted by the type of lease payments, the lease term and the incremental borrowing rate. Variable lease payments are not included at commencement and are recognized in the period in which they are incurred. The lease term is based on the contractual term and is adjusted for any renewal options or termination rights that are reasonably certain to be exercised. The incremental borrowing rate is based on the rate the Company estimates it would pay on a collateralized basis over a similar term in a similar economic environment.

#### NOTE 3—REVENUE

#### Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company's sources of revenue include (i) sales of EXPAREL in the United States, or U.S.; (ii) sales of its bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension product for use in animals in the U.S.; (iii) royalties based on sales of its bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension product for use in animals and (iv) license fees and milestone payments. The majority of the Company's revenue is derived from net product sales of EXPAREL. The Company does not consider revenue from other product sales, collaborative licensing, milestones and royalties to be material sources of its consolidated revenue. As such, the following disclosure only relates to revenue associated with net EXPAREL product sales.

#### Net Product Sales

The Company sells EXPAREL through a drop-ship program under which orders are processed through wholesalers based on orders of the product placed by end-users which include hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers and doctors. EXPAREL is delivered directly to the end-user without the wholesaler ever taking physical possession of the product. Product revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods are transferred to the customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring those goods. EXPAREL revenue is recorded at the time the product is delivered to the end-user.

Revenues from sales of products are recorded net of returns allowances, prompt payment discounts, wholesaler service fees, volume rebates and chargebacks. These reserves are based on estimates of the amounts earned or to be claimed on the related sales. These amounts are treated as variable consideration, estimated and recognized as a reduction of the transaction price at the time of the sale, using the most likely amount method for the gross to net adjustments, except for returns, which is based on the expected value method. The Company includes these estimated amounts in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized for such transaction will not occur, or when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. The calculation of some of these items requires management to make estimates based on sales data, historical return data, contracts and other related information that may become known in the future. The adequacy of these provisions is reviewed on a quarterly basis.

#### Accounts Receivable

The majority of accounts receivable arise from product sales and represent amounts due from wholesalers, hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers and doctors. Payment terms generally range from zero to 37 days from the date of the transaction, and accordingly, there is no significant financing component.

#### Performance Obligations

A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is the unit of account in ASC 606. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied.

At contract inception, the Company assesses the goods promised in its contracts with customers and identifies a performance obligation for each promise to transfer to the customer a good that is distinct. When identifying individual performance obligations, the Company considers all goods promised in the contract regardless of whether explicitly stated in the customer contract or implied by customary business practices. The Company's contracts with customers require it to transfer an individual distinct product, which represents a single performance obligation. The Company's performance obligation with respect to its product sales is satisfied at a point in time, which transfers control upon delivery of EXPAREL to its customers. The Company considers control to have transferred upon delivery because the customer has legal title to the asset, physical possession of the asset has been transferred, the customer has significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset and the Company has a present right to payment at that time.

#### Disaggregated Revenue

The following table represents disaggregated net product sales in the periods presented as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mor Mar	nths E ch 31,	
	 2019		2018
Net product sales:	 		
EXPAREL	\$ 90,615	\$	74,034
Other product sales	291		253
Total net product sales	\$ 90,906	\$	74,287

#### **NOTE 4—INVENTORIES**

The components of inventories, net are as follows (in thousands):

	1	March 31,	D	ecember 31,
		2019		2018
Raw materials	\$	19,978	\$	19,193
Work-in-process		11,141		9,711
Finished goods		15,909		19,665
Total	\$	47,028	\$	48,569

## NOTE 5—FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets, net, summarized by major category, consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	]	December 31,
	2019		2018
Machinery and laboratory equipment	\$ 67,913	\$	67,431
Leasehold improvements	59,886		57,955
Computer equipment and software	8,188		8,131
Office furniture and equipment	1,576		1,548
Construction in progress	34,646		35,163
Total	 172,209		170,228
Less: accumulated depreciation	(65,158)		(61,558)
Fixed assets, net	\$ 107,051	\$	108,670

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, depreciation expense was \$3.6 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, capitalized interest on the construction of manufacturing sites was zero and \$0.4 million, respectively.

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, total fixed assets, net, includes leasehold improvements and manufacturing process equipment located in England in the amount of \$63.4 million and \$64.6 million, respectively.

#### NOTE 6-LEASES

The Company leases its EXPAREL manufacturing, research and development, warehouse and former DepoCyt(e) manufacturing facilities in San Diego, California, and its corporate headquarters in Parsippany, New Jersey. These leases have remaining terms between one year and nine years, some of which provide renewal options at the then-current market value, along with one that contains the right to terminate the lease after four years. A renewal option has been included in the measurement of the operating lease liability associated with one facility. The Company also has a lease with Thermo Fisher Scientific Pharma Services ("Thermo Fisher") (formerly Patheon UK Limited), for the use of Thermo Fisher's facility in Swindon, England, which is embedded in agreements the Company has with Thermo Fisher. A portion of the associated monthly base fees has been allocated to the lease component based on a relative fair value basis.

The operating lease costs for the facilities include lease and non-lease components, such as common area maintenance and other common operating expenses, along with executory costs such as insurance and real estate taxes. Total operating lease costs are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mor Mar	nths E ch 31,	
	2019	2018	
Operating lease costs:	 		
Fixed lease costs	\$ 1,443	\$	1,490
Variable lease costs	381		402
Total	\$ 1,824	\$	1,892

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases is as follows (in thousands):

	Thre	e Months Ended
	Μ	larch 31, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$	2,050
Right-of-use assets recorded in exchange for lease obligations	\$	34,780

The Company has elected to net the amortization of the ROU asset and the reduction of the lease liability principal in accrued expenses in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

The Company has measured its operating lease liabilities at an estimated discount rate in which it could borrow on a collateralized basis over the remaining term for each operating lease. The weighted average remaining lease term and the weighted average discount rate are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2019
Weighted average remaining lease term	6.59 years
Weighted average discount rate	8.10%

Maturities of the Company's operating lease liabilities are as follows, and include a renewal option to extend the lease on one facility (in thousands):

Year	Aggregate Minimum Payments Du					
2019 (remaining nine months)	\$	6,090				
2020		7,700				
2021		5,539				
2022		5,671				
2023		5,806				
2024 through 2028		14,788				
Total lease payments		45,594				
Less: imputed interest		(10,714)				
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	34,880				

As of December 31, 2018, aggregate annual minimum payments due under the Company's lease obligations were as follows (in thousands):

Year	Aggregate Minim	um Payments Due
2019	\$	8,140
2020		7,621
2021		5,295
2022		5,417
2023		5,543
2024 through 2028		14,329
Total	\$	46,345

#### NOTE 7—GOODWILL

In March 2007, the Company acquired from SkyePharma Holding, Inc. (now a subsidiary of Vectura Group plc), or Skyepharma, its California operating subsidiary named Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Skyepharma Acquisition"). The Company's goodwill arose in April 2012 from a contingent milestone payment to Skyepharma in connection with the Skyepharma Acquisition. The Skyepharma Acquisition was accounted for under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 141, *Accounting for Business Combinations*, which was the effective GAAP standard at the Skyepharma Acquisition date. In connection with the Skyepharma Acquisition, the Company agreed to milestone payments for DepoBupivacaine products, including EXPAREL, as follows:

- (i) \$10.0 million upon the first commercial sale in the United States (met April 2012);
- (ii) \$4.0 million upon the first commercial sale in a major E.U. country (United Kingdom, France, Germany, Italy and Spain);
- (iii) \$8.0 million when annual net sales collected reach \$100.0 million (met September 2014);
- (iv) \$8.0 million when annual net sales collected reach \$250.0 million (met June 2016); and
- (v) \$32.0 million when annual net sales collected reach \$500.0 million.

For purposes of meeting future potential milestone payments, annual net sales are measured on a rolling quarterly basis.

As part of the Skyepharma Acquisition, the Company agreed to pay certain earn-out payments based on a percentage of net sales of DepoBupivacaine products collected, including EXPAREL, for the term during which such sales were covered by a valid claim in certain patent rights related to EXPAREL and other biologics products. The last patents for which a valid claim existed expired on September 18, 2018 and thus, the only remaining obligations to Skyepharma are the two unmet milestone payments totaling \$36.0 million. Any remaining milestone payments will be treated as additional costs of the Skyepharma Acquisition and, therefore, recorded as goodwill if and when each contingency is resolved.

There was no change in the carrying value of goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2019. The balance at both March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$62.0 million.

## NOTE 8—DEBT

#### Convertible Senior Notes Due 2022

On March 13, 2017, the Company completed a private placement of \$345.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 2.375% convertible senior notes due 2022, or 2022 Notes, and entered into an indenture, or 2022 Indenture, with respect to the 2022 Notes. The 2022 Notes accrue interest at a fixed rate of 2.375% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The 2022 Notes mature on April 1, 2022.

The total debt composition of the 2022 Notes is as follows (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
2.375% convertible senior notes due 2022	\$ 345,000	\$ 345,000
Deferred financing costs	(5,430)	(5,850)
Discount on debt	(45,214)	(48,558)
Total debt, net of debt discount and deferred financing costs	\$ 294,356	\$ 290,592

Holders may convert their 2022 Notes prior to October 1, 2021 only if certain circumstances are met, including if during the previous calendar quarter, the last reported sales price of the Company's common stock was greater than 130% of the conversion price then applicable for at least 20 out of the last 30 consecutive trading days of the quarter. During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, this condition for conversion was not met.

On or after October 1, 2021, until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding April 1, 2022, holders may convert their 2022 Notes at any time.

Upon conversion, holders will receive the principal amount of their 2022 Notes and any excess conversion value, calculated based on the per share volume-weighted average price for each of the 40 consecutive trading days during the observation period (as more fully described in the 2022 Indenture). For both the principal and excess conversion value, holders may receive cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, at the Company's option. The initial conversion rate for the 2022 Notes is 14.9491 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$66.89 per share of the Company's common stock. The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in some events but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest. The initial conversion price of the 2022 Notes represents a premium of approximately 37.5% to the closing sale price of \$48.65 per share of the Company's common stock on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on March 7, 2017, the date that the Company priced the private offering of the 2022 Notes.

As of March 31, 2019, the 2022 Notes had a market price of \$985 per \$1,000 principal amount. In the event of conversion, holders would forgo all future interest payments, any unpaid accrued interest and the possibility of stock price appreciation. Upon the receipt of conversion requests, the settlement of the 2022 Notes will be paid pursuant to the terms of the 2022 Indenture. In the event that all of the 2022 Notes are converted, the Company would be required to repay the \$345.0 million in principal value and any conversion premium in any combination of cash and shares of its common stock (at the Company's option).

Prior to April 1, 2020, the Company may not redeem the 2022 Notes. On or after April 1, 2020, the Company may redeem for cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, at the Company's option, all or part of the 2022 Notes if the last reported sale price (as defined in the 2022 Indenture) of the Company's common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or

not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading-day period ending within five trading days prior to the date on which the Company provides notice of redemption. The redemption price will equal the sum of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2022 Notes being redeemed, plus (ii) accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, to, but excluding, the redemption date. In addition, calling the 2022 Notes for redemption will constitute a "make whole fundamental change" (as defined in the 2022 Indenture) and will, in certain circumstances, increase the conversion rate applicable to the conversion of such notes if it is converted in connection with the redemption. No sinking fund is provided for the 2022 Notes.

While the 2022 Notes are currently classified on the Company's consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2019 as long-term debt, the future convertibility and resulting balance sheet classification of this liability will be monitored at each quarterly reporting date and will be analyzed dependent upon market prices of the Company's common stock during the prescribed measurement periods. In the event that the holders of the 2022 Notes have the right to convert the 2022 Notes at any time during the prescribed measurement period, the 2022 Notes would then be considered a current obligation and classified as such.

#### Convertible Senior Notes Due 2019

On February 1, 2019, the Company's 3.25% convertible senior notes due 2019, or 2019 Notes, matured, and the Company paid the remaining \$0.3 million of principal in full, plus a \$0.2 million conversion premium in cash. The 2019 Notes accrued interest at a fixed rate of 3.25% per year and were payable semiannually in arrears on February 1 and August 1 of each year.

#### Interest Expense

The following table sets forth the total interest expense recognized in the periods presented (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Moi Mar	nths End ch 31,	ed
	 2019		2018
Contractual interest expense	\$ 2,049	\$	2,051
Amortization of debt issuance costs	420		402
Amortization of debt discount	3,345		3,113
Capitalized interest and other (Note 5)	—		(409)
Total	\$ 5,814	\$	5,157
Effective interest rate on convertible senior notes	7.81%		7.81%

#### NOTE 9—FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, the FASB established a three-level hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of fair value measurements are:

- Level 1—Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2—Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets, but corroborated by market data.
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

The carrying value of financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their respective fair values due to the short-term nature of these items. The fair value of the Company's convertible senior notes at March 31, 2019 are calculated utilizing market quotations from an over-the-counter trading market for these notes (Level 2). The carrying amount and fair value of the Company's convertible senior notes are as follows (in thousands):

Financial Liabilities Carried at Historical Cost			Fair Value Measurements Using					
March 31, 2019	<b>Carrying Value</b>			Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
2.375% convertible senior notes due 2022 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	294,356	\$	_	\$	339,825	\$	—

(1) The closing price of the Company's common stock was \$38.06 per share at March 31, 2019 compared to a conversion price of \$66.89 per share. Currently, the conversion price is above the stock price. The maximum conversion premium that can be due on the 2022 Notes is approximately 5.2 million shares of the Company's common stock, which assumes no increases in the conversion rate for certain corporate events.

Short-term investments consist of asset-backed securities collateralized by credit card receivables, investment grade commercial paper and corporate bonds with maturities greater than three months, but less than one year. Long-term investments consist of asset-backed securities collateralized by credit card receivables and corporate bonds with maturities greater than one year. Net unrealized gains and losses from the Company's short-term and long-term investments are reported in other comprehensive income (loss). At March 31, 2019, all of the Company's short-term investments are classified as available for sale investments and are determined to be Level 2 instruments, which are measured at fair value using standard industry models with observable inputs. The fair value of the commercial paper is measured based on a standard industry model that uses the three-month U.S. Treasury bill rate as an observable input. The fair value of the asset-backed securities and corporate bonds is principally measured or corroborated by trade data for identical issues in which related trading activity is not sufficiently frequent to be considered a Level 1 input or that of comparable securities. At March 31, 2019, all short-term investments were rated A or better by Standard & Poor's.

The following summarizes the Company's investments at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 (in thousands):

March 31, 2019 Investments	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value (Level 2)
Short-term:				
Asset-backed securities	\$ 20,342	\$ 46	\$ (4)	\$ 20,384
Commercial paper	48,791	40	(1)	48,830
Corporate bonds	128,091	107	(6)	128,192
Total	\$ 197,224	\$ 193	\$ (11)	\$ 197,406

December 31, 2018 Investments	Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses		Unrealized		realized Unrealized		Fair Value (Level 2)
Short-term:										
Asset-backed securities	\$	34,873	\$ —	\$ (33)	\$	34,840				
Commercial paper		45,035		(30)		45,005				
Corporate bonds		171,289		(206)		171,083				
Subtotal		251,197	 _	(269)		250,928				
Long-term:										
Asset-backed securities		9,383	5			9,388				
Corporate bonds		16,499		(16)		16,483				
Subtotal		25,882	 5	(16)		25,871				
Total	\$	277,079	\$ 5	\$ (285)	\$	276,799				

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, including assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination, and long-lived assets, which would be recognized at fair value if deemed to be impaired or if reclassified as assets held for sale. The fair value in these instances would be determined using Level 3 inputs.

## Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, long-term investments and accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents with high-credit quality financial institutions. Such amounts may exceed federally-insured limits.

As of March 31, 2019, three wholesalers each accounted for over 10% of the Company's accounts receivable, at 39%, 29% and 26%, respectively. At December 31, 2018, three wholesalers each accounted for over 10% of the Company's accounts receivable, at 32%, 32% and 29%, respectively. For additional information regarding the Company's wholesalers, see Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. Revenues are primarily derived from major wholesalers and pharmaceutical

companies that generally have significant cash resources. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers as warranted and generally does not require collateral. Allowances for doubtful accounts receivable are maintained based on historical payment patterns, aging of accounts receivable and the Company's actual write-off history. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, no allowances for doubtful accounts were deemed necessary by the Company on its accounts receivable.

## NOTE 10-STOCK PLANS

#### Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense in the periods presented as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	 2019		2018		
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,091	\$	1,207		
Research and development	1,218		697		
Selling, general and administrative	5,125		6,481		
Total	\$ 7,434	\$	8,385		
Stock-based compensation from:					
Stock options (employee awards)	\$ 4,930	\$	6,356		
Stock options (consultant awards)	191		38		
Restricted stock units (employee awards)	2,107		1,790		
Employee stock purchase plan	206		201		
Total	\$ 7,434	\$	8,385		

#### Equity Awards

The following tables contain information about the Company's stock option and restricted stock unit, or RSU, activity for the three months ended March 31, 2019:

Stock Options	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	3
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	5,722,818	\$ 41.69	9
Granted	257,080	39.40	0
Exercised	(62,116)	25.07	7
Forfeited	(96,411)	41.06	6
Expired	(24,700)	69.39	9
Outstanding at March 31, 2019	5,796,671	41.65	5

Restricted Stock Units	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2018	577,964	\$ 42.14
Granted	—	_
Vested	(3,788)	43.07
Forfeited	(20,448)	40.00
Unvested at March 31, 2019	553,728	42.21

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2019 was \$19.38 per share. The fair values of stock options granted were estimated using the Black-Scholes option valuation model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019
Expected dividend yield	None
Risk-free interest rate	2.48%
Expected volatility	53.8%
Expected term of options	5.13 years

#### Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The Company's 2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or ESPP, features two six-month offering periods per year, running from January 1 to June 30 and July 1 to December 31. Under the ESPP, employees may elect to contribute after-tax earnings to purchase shares at 85% of the closing fair market value of the Company's common stock on either the offering date or the purchase date, whichever is less. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, no shares were purchased and issued under the ESPP.

## NOTE 11-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table illustrates the changes in the balances of the Company's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
Net unrealized gains (losses) from available for sale investments:		2019		2018				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	(280)	\$	(454)				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		462		(447)				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)								
Balance at end of period	\$	182	\$	(901)				

## NOTE 12-NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic net income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Potential common shares include the shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding stock options, the vesting of RSUs, the purchase of shares from the ESPP (using the treasury stock method) as well as the conversion of the excess conversion value on the 2022 Notes. As discussed in Note 8, *Debt*, the Company has the option to pay cash for the aggregate principal amount due upon the conversion of its 2022 Notes. Since it is the Company's intent to settle the principal amount of its 2022 Notes in cash, the potentially dilutive effect of such notes on net income (loss) per share is computed under the treasury stock method. The Company settled the principal and conversion premium of its 2019 Notes in cash.

Potential common shares are excluded from the diluted net income (loss) per share computation to the extent they would be antidilutive. Because the Company reported a net loss for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, no potentially dilutive securities have been included in the computation of diluted net loss per share for those periods.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2019	2018		
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$ (2,771)	\$ (10,680)		
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	41,240	40,707		
Net loss per share:				
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.26)		

The following outstanding stock options, RSUs, conversion premiums on the Company's convertible senior notes and ESPP purchase options are antidilutive in the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2019				
Weighted average number of stock options	5,792	5,034			
Weighted average number of RSUs	559	489			
Conversion premium on the 2019 Notes	_	4			
Weighted average ESPP purchase options	37	31			
Total	6,388	5,558			

## NOTE 13—INCOME TAXES

Income (loss) before income taxes is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2019		2018	
Income (loss) before income taxes:				
Domestic	\$ 1,819	\$	(9,813)	
Foreign	(4,337)		(832)	
Total loss before income taxes	\$ (2,518)	\$	(10,645)	

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$0.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and less than \$0.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018. The tax provisions for 2018 and 2019 reflect current state income taxes. Due to net operating losses, or NOLs, carried forward, and the repeal of the corporate minimum tax, no current federal income tax expense was recorded for 2018 or 2019. The utilization of the Company's NOLs has not resulted in any deferred federal tax expense because there was a full valuation allowance recorded with respect to the NOLs.

## NOTE 14—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Litigation

From time to time, the Company has been and may again become involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of its business, including those related to patents, product liability and government investigations. Except as described below, the Company is not presently a party to any legal proceedings which it believes to be material, and is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation against the Company which it believes could have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows.

In April 2015, the Company received a subpoena from the U.S. Department of Justice, U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of New Jersey, requiring the production of a broad range of documents pertaining to marketing and promotional

practices related to EXPAREL. The Company is cooperating with the government's inquiry. The Company can make no assurances as to the time or resources that will need to be devoted to this inquiry or its final outcome, or the impact, if any, of this inquiry or any proceedings on its business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

#### NOTE 15—COMMERCIAL PARTNERS AND OTHER AGREEMENTS

#### DepoCyt(e) Discontinuation

In June 2017, the Company's board of directors approved a decision to discontinue all future production of DepoCyt<sup>®</sup> (U.S. and Canada) and DepoCyte<sup>®</sup> (European Union) due to persistent technical issues specific to the DepoCyt(e) manufacturing process. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had ceased all production of DepoCyt(e).

In both of the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded charges of less than \$0.1 million related to the discontinuation of its DepoCyt(e) manufacturing activities. Both periods included charges for asset retirement obligations and other contract and exit costs. The three month period ended March 31, 2018 also included lease charges. At January 1, 2019, there was a balance sheet reclassification from the lease cost reserves related to the DepoCyt(e) discontinuation to lease liabilities in the amount of \$1.5 million, recognized as part of the transition to the new lease accounting standard. See Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, for more information.

Cash payments related to the DepoCyt(e) manufacturing facility are expected to continue through the end of the lease term in August 2020.

As of March 31, 2019, a summary of the Company's costs and reserves related to the DepoCyt(e) discontinuation are as follows (in thousands):

	Lea	se Costs	Obligatio	Retirement ns and Other luation Costs	Total			
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	1,970	\$	282	\$	2,252		
Charges incurred				11		11		
Cash payments made		—		(71)		(71)		
Reclassifications		(1,970)		455		(1,515)		
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$	—	\$	677	\$	677		

In April 2018, the Company received formal notice of the termination of a Supply Agreement and a Distribution Agreement (and all related agreements as subsequently amended) from Mundipharma International Corporation Limited and Mundipharma Medical Company, respectively. The Company may be required to make additional payments or incur additional costs relating to the DepoCyt(e) discontinuation which could be material to the Company's results of operations and/or cash flows in a given period.

## NOTE 16—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 9, 2019, the Company acquired MyoScience, a privately-held medical device company, pursuant to the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), under which MyoScience became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. MyoScience currently markets the Iovera system, a novel, FDA-approved non-opioid treatment that immediately alleviates pain for up to 90 days by applying intense cold to targeted nerves in a process called cryoanalgesia. After the closing of the acquisition, the Company changed its corporate name to Pacira BioSciences, Inc., in order to better reflect a broadening portfolio of innovative non-opioid pain management and regenerative health solutions. MyoScience was renamed Pacira CryoTech, Inc., while the Company's California operating subsidiary retained the name Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. The Company's common stock continues to trade on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "PCRX."

The consideration included an initial payment of \$120.0 million, subject to adjustment based on customary post-closing purchase price adjustments and indemnification obligations. The Merger Agreement also provides for contingent milestone payments of up to an aggregate of \$100.0 million upon the achievement of certain regulatory and commercial milestones, of which up to \$25.0 million may be payable in shares of the Company's common stock if achieved in 2020. The Company funded the initial payment from cash on hand.

The primary assets and liabilities of the business purchased include intellectual property, other intangible assets, equipment, inventory, receivables, payables and accrued expenses. Due to the relatively short time from the date of acquisition

to the completion of these financial statements, the initial accounting for the acquisition is not complete, nor is the preliminary evaluation of the fair value for significant assets and liabilities, including intangible assets. The Company will provide the preliminary purchase price allocation as an amendment to its current report on Form 8-K filed on April 9, 2019.

#### Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and certain other communications made by us contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, including statements about our growth and future operating results, discovery and development of products, strategic alliances and intellectual property. For this purpose, any statement that is not a statement of historical fact should be considered a forward-looking statement. We often use the words "believe," "anticipate," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "will," "would," "could," "can" and similar expressions to help identify forward-looking statements. We cannot assure you that our estimates, assumptions and expectations will prove to have been correct. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements about: the success of our sales and manufacturing efforts in support of the commercialization of EXPAREL® (bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension); the rate and degree of market acceptance of EXPAREL; the size and growth of the potential markets for EXPAREL and our ability to serve those markets; our plans to expand the use of EXPAREL to additional indications and opportunities, and the timing and success of any related clinical trials; our ability to realize the anticipated benefits and synergies from the acquisition of MyoScience, Inc., or MyoScience; the ability to successfully integrate iovera<sup>®</sup> and MyoScience into the Company's existing business; the commercial success of iovera<sup>o</sup>; the related timing and success of United States Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, supplemental New Drug Applications, or sNDA; the outcome of the U.S. Department of Justice, or DOJ, inquiry; the Company's plans to evaluate, develop and pursue additional DepoFoam<sup>®</sup>-based product candidates; clinical trials in support of an existing or potential DepoFoam-based product; our commercialization and marketing capabilities and our ability to successfully construct a second EXPAREL manufacturing suite through our partnership with Thermo Fisher Scientific Pharma Services (formerly Patheon UK Limited), or Thermo Fisher. Important factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated or implied by forward-looking statements. We undertake no intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, and readers should not rely on the forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements. These factors include items mentioned herein and the matters discussed and referenced in Part I-Item 1A. "Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and in other reports as filed with the SEC.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references to "Pacira," "we," the "Company," "us" and "our" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q refer to Pacira BioSciences, Inc. and its subsidiaries. In addition, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to DepoCyt(e) mean DepoCyt<sup>®</sup> when discussed in the context of the United States, or U.S., and Canada and DepoCyte<sup>®</sup> when discussed in the context of the European Union, or E.U.

#### Overview

Pacira is a leader in developing, manufacturing and commercializing non-opioid pain management and regenerative health solutions dedicated to advancing and improving outcomes for health care practitioners and their patients. Our long-acting, local analgesic EXPAREL was commercially launched in April 2012. EXPAREL utilizes DepoFoam, a unique and proprietary delivery technology that encapsulates drugs without altering their molecular structure and releases them over a desired period of time. EXPAREL is currently indicated for single-dose infiltration in adults to produce postsurgical local analgesia and as an interscalene brachial plexus nerve block to produce postsurgical regional analgesia. Since its initial approval in 2011 for single-dose infiltration, more than five million patients have been treated with EXPAREL. We drop-ship EXPAREL directly to the end-user based on orders placed to wholesalers or directly to us, and there is no product held by wholesalers.

We expect to continue to incur significant expenses as we pursue the expanded use of EXPAREL in additional procedures; progress our earlier-stage product candidate pipeline; advance regulatory activities for EXPAREL and other product candidates; invest in sales and marketing resources; expand and enhance our manufacturing capacity for EXPAREL; invest in products, businesses and technologies and support legal matters.

#### **MyoScience Acquisition**

On April 9, 2019, we acquired MyoScience, a privately-held medical device company, pursuant to the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"), under which MyoScience became a wholly-owned subsidiary of us. MyoScience currently markets the iovera<sup>o</sup>, or Iovera, system, a novel, FDA-approved non-opioid treatment that immediately alleviates pain for up to 90 days by applying intense cold to targeted nerves in a process called cryoanalgesia. After the closing of the acquisition, we changed our corporate name to Pacira BioSciences, Inc., in order to better reflect a broadening portfolio of innovative non-opioid pain management and regenerative health solutions. MyoScience was renamed Pacira CryoTech, Inc., while our Company's California operating subsidiary retained the name Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Our common stock continues to trade on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "PCRX."

The consideration included an initial payment of \$120.0 million, subject to adjustment based on customary post-closing purchase price adjustments and indemnification obligations. The Merger Agreement also provides for contingent milestone payments of up to an aggregate of \$100.0 million upon the achievement of certain regulatory and commercial milestones, of which up to \$25.0 million may be payable in shares of our common stock if achieved in 2020. We funded the initial payment from cash on hand.

#### EXPAREL

#### Interscalene brachial plexus block

Nerve block is a general term used to refer to the injection of local anesthetic onto a nerve or bundle of nerves for regional pain control. Traditionally, nerve blocks are single injections of short-acting anesthetics and as a result, have a limited duration of action. When extended pain management is required, a catheter has been used to deliver bupivacaine continuously using an external pump. EXPAREL provides long-lasting pain control in a single-dose and avoids the common problems associated with pumps and catheters, such as migration, leaking, malfunction, infection and patient compliance.

Brachial plexus blocks are emerging as a mainstay of postsurgical pain control for upper extremity procedures. We believe the use of EXPAREL as an interscalene brachial plexus block offers the opportunity to:

- turn off pain at the surgical site;
- · further engage the anesthesiologist audience; and
- · shift inpatient procedures to ambulatory surgery centers.

In April 2018, the FDA approved our sNDA to broaden the use of EXPAREL to include administration via interscalene brachial plexus block to produce postsurgical regional analgesia. With this approval, EXPAREL is the first long-acting, single-dose nerve block available for patients undergoing upper extremity surgeries, such as total shoulder arthroplasty or rotator cuff repair. The sNDA approval was based on positive data from a Phase 3 study of EXPAREL in brachial plexus block for shoulder surgeries, in which EXPAREL demonstrated statistical significance relative to placebo for the primary endpoint of cumulative pain scores over 48 hours as measured by the area under the curve (P<0.0001). EXPAREL also achieved statistical significance versus placebo for the study's key secondary endpoints as follows: total postsurgical opioid consumption through 48 hours (P<0.0001); opioid-free subjects through 48 hours (P<0.001).

#### Phase 4 Trials

We are expanding the clinical evidence for EXPAREL through Phase 4 clinical trials across several surgical specialties.

In January 2019, we reported positive topline results from a Phase 4 study of EXPAREL in patients undergoing Cesarean section, or C-section. The study compared an EXPAREL transversus abdominis plane, or TAP, block to a bupivacaine TAP block and achieved its primary endpoint with a statistically significant reduction in total postsurgical opioid consumption through 72 hours (p<0.05). EXPAREL also achieved statistical significance for reduction in pain intensity scores through 72 hours (p<0.05). The study also achieved statistical significance (p<0.05) for relevant additional endpoints, including: (i) reduced total opioid consumption at one and two weeks following C-section and (ii) an increased percentage of opioid-spared patients, a composite endpoint, which was defined as patients who took no more than one oxycodone 10mg tablet (or

equivalent) and graded their bother or stress from the following opioid-related adverse events as "not at all": vomiting, itching, sweating, freezing or dizziness. These data have been accepted for presentation at the Annual Meeting of the Society for Obstetric Anesthesia and Perinatology on May 4, 2019. The full study results will be submitted for publication in the peer-reviewed medical literature.

Patient enrollment is underway in a second C-section study, which is known as CHOICE. This multicenter, randomized, active controlled study is evaluating the efficacy and safety of EXPAREL when administered via infiltration into the TAP versus the standard of care in patients undergoing elective C-section. The study's primary objective is to compare total opioid consumption through 72 hours. The study is designed to evaluate a completely opioid-free arm with EXPAREL, including opioid-free spinal anesthesia.

We are also activating sites for a Phase 4 study in spine surgeries and a Phase 4 study in hip fracture procedures.

In surgical settings where we are seeing positive outcomes for EXPAREL as part of an enhanced recovery after surgery, or ERAS, protocol (such as colorectal and breast reconstruction procedures), we are investing in training around the protocol and collecting real-world data on the standard-of-care without EXPAREL compared to an EXPAREL-based ERAS protocol. Our Phase 4 strategy also supports clinician education on procedure-specific best-practice care for improved patient outcomes and customer satisfaction within our approved indications.

#### Pediatrics

The Pediatric Research Equity Act requires pharmaceutical companies to study their products in children for the same use for which they are approved in adults. There is no long-lasting local anesthetic approved for use in children under the age of 12, meaning that pediatric patients currently have no approved alternatives to opioids for the management of severe postsurgical pain and need additional pain control options.

We have completed our first pharmacokinetic and safety study in children aged 12 to 17 undergoing corrective spine surgery. We are currently enrolling patients in a multicenter study to evaluate the pharmacokinetics and safety of EXPAREL for postsurgical analgesia via infiltration in pediatric patients aged 6 to less than 17 years undergoing various types of surgeries. We are also working with the FDA to define a program to study the administration of EXPAREL as a nerve block in the pediatric setting.

#### Global Expansion

We have defined a global expansion strategy for EXPAREL that we believe provides us with the opportunity to increase our revenue and leverage our fixed cost infrastructure. We have prioritized Europe, Canada and China. In the E.U., we have secured a positive opinion for our Pediatric Investigation Plan (PIP) and we plan to submit our Marketing Authorization Application (MAA) around the middle of 2019. In Canada, which is a concentrated market driven by four provinces, we are planning a New Drug Submission around the middle of 2019. We do not intend to pursue a commercial partnership to commercialize EXPAREL in Europe or Canada. In China, we have received feedback from the National Medical Products Administration, or NMPA, regarding the regulatory requirements for securing approval of EXPAREL. We believe we have the necessary clarity from the NMPA, and we are in the process of finalizing our regulatory path forward. We also have an agreement with Nuance Biotech Co. Ltd., a China-based specialty pharmaceutical company, for the development and commercialization of EXPAREL in China.

#### **Product Pipeline**

Given the proven safety, flexibility and customizability of our DepoFoam platform for acute, sub-acute and chronic pain applications, we have several DepoFoam-based products in preclinical development. Following data readouts from animal and other feasibility studies for these candidates, we have prioritized two programs for clinical development: (i) the intrathecal delivery of a DepoFoam-based local anesthetic, other than bupivacaine, for acute and chronic pain and (ii) DepoDexmedetomidine, a sedative-analgesic for end-of-life pain and painful conditions in the elderly.

In parallel, our business development team continues to pursue innovative acquisition targets that align with our strategy and are complementary to EXPAREL. In April 2019, we added the Iovera system to our commercial offering through the acquisition of MyoScience, and we are thoughtfully pursuing additional opportunities that are of great interest to the surgical and anesthesia audiences we are already calling on today. Our goal is to build a portfolio of customer-focused non-opioid solutions to improve patients' journeys along the neural pain pathway.

## **Results of Operations**

## Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

## Revenues

Net product sales primarily consist of sales of EXPAREL in the U.S. Other product sales include sales of our bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension to Aratana Therapeutics, Inc., or Aratana, for use in animals. Any licensing, milestone and royalty revenues are from our collaborative licensing agreement with Aratana.

The following table provides information regarding our revenues during the periods indicated, including percent changes (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Mor Mar		% Increase /		
	 2019	2018		(Decrease)	
Net product sales:					
EXPAREL	\$ 90,615	\$	74,034	22%	
Other product sales	291		253	15%	
Total net product sales	 90,906		74,287	22%	
Royalty revenue	407		320	27%	
Total revenues	\$ 91,313	\$	74,607	22%	

EXPAREL revenue grew 22% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase in unit volume of 30%, partially offset by the mix of EXPAREL product sizes. The demand for EXPAREL has continued to increase as a result of a number of key growth initiatives, such as the expansion of the EXPAREL label in April 2018 to include brachial plexus nerve block, the success of our co-promotion agreement with DePuy Synthes Sales, Inc., or DePuy Synthes, and the continued implementation of EXPAREL-based ERAS protocols across a wide range of surgical procedures, all of which are driving growth in new and existing accounts due to the continued adoption of EXPAREL as a critical component of multimodal pain management strategies for soft tissue and orthopedic procedures.

Other product sales increased 15% in the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to the same period in 2018, due to an increase in sales of our bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension to Aratana for use in animals.

Royalty revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2019 reflects royalties earned on sales to Aratana. Royalty revenue increased 27% in the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to the same period in 2018.

The following tables provide a summary of activity with respect to our sales related allowances and accruals for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

March 31, 2019	Returns Allo	wances	Р	Prompt Payment Discounts	Wh	olesaler Service Fees	Volume Rebates and Chargebacks	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	344	\$	779	\$	1,167	\$ 1,010	\$ 3,300
Provision		173		1,873		1,418	1,959	5,423
Payments / Adjustments		(141)		(1,829)		(1,741)	(1,685)	(5,396)
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$	376	\$	823	\$	844	\$ 1,284	\$ 3,327

March 31, 2018	Returns Allowa	nces	Рі	Prompt Payment Wholesaler Service Reba			Volume Rebates and Chargebacks	and			
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	821	\$	657	\$	839	\$	696	\$	3,013	
Provision		156		1,527		1,171		1,307		4,161	
Payments / Adjustments	(	151)		(1,546)		(1,321)		(1,289)		(4,307)	
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$	826	\$	638	\$	689	\$	714	\$	2,867	

Total reductions of gross product sales from sales-related allowances and accruals were \$5.4 million and \$4.2 million, or 5.6% and 5.3% of gross product sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The overall increase in sales-related allowances and accruals as a percentage of gross product sales was directly related to an increase in discounting driven by higher volume from customers with discount contracts.

#### Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold primarily relates to the costs to produce, package and deliver our products to customers. These expenses include labor, raw materials, manufacturing overhead and occupancy costs, depreciation of facilities, royalty payments, quality control and engineering.

The following table provides information regarding our cost of goods sold and gross margin during the periods indicated, including percent changes (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Mo Ma	nths rch 3		% Increase /	
	2019		2018	(Decrease)	
Cost of goods sold	\$ 27,303	\$	22,885	19%	
Gross margin	70%		69%		

The improvement in our gross margin for the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 was primarily attributable to a reduction in capacity expansion expenses resulting from the commencement of commercial production of EXPAREL at our custom manufacturing suite in Swindon, England, under our partnership with Thermo Fisher.

#### Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses primarily consist of costs related to clinical trials and related outside services, product development and other research and development costs, including Phase 4 trials that we are conducting to generate new data and best-practice administration techniques for EXPAREL and stock-based compensation expense. Clinical development expenses include costs for clinical personnel, clinical trials performed by third-parties, materials and supplies, database management and other third-party fees. Product development and other research and development expenses include personnel, equipment, materials and contractor costs for process development and product candidates, toxicology studies, development costs related to significant scale-ups of our manufacturing capacity, facility costs for our research space and regulatory activities related to unapproved products and indications. Stock-based compensation expense relates to the costs of stock option grants, awards of restricted stock units, or RSUs, and our employee stock purchase plan, or ESPP.

The following table provides information regarding our research and development expenses during the periods indicated, including percent changes (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			% Increase /	
	2019		2018	(Decrease)	
Clinical development	\$ 5,176	\$	6,795	(24)%	
Product development and other	7,990		6,886	16%	
Stock-based compensation	1,218		697	75%	
Total research and development expense	\$ 14,384	\$	14,378	%	
% of total revenues	 16%		19%		

Total research and development expense remained flat for the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018.

Clinical development expense decreased by 24% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 primarily due to costs incurred in the first quarter of 2018 to support our sNDA submission for nerve block, including expenses related to an FDA Anesthetic and Analgesic Drug Products Advisory Committee meeting held in February 2018. There was also a reduction in costs related to investigator-initiated studies. The decrease in clinical development expense was partially offset by startup activities related to our Phase 3 Pediatric and Phase 4 Opioid Free C-Section and Spine trials.

Product development and other expenses increased by 16% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 primarily due to development costs related to a significant scale-up of our manufacturing capacity for EXPAREL in an additional suite in Swindon, England in partnership with Thermo Fisher and additional subarachnoid toxicology studies. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in spend for product development batches run for our pipeline candidates.

Stock-based compensation increased by 75% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 primarily due to an increase in personnel as well as the number of equity awards granted in the second half of 2018.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses primarily consist of compensation and benefits for our sales force and personnel that support our sales, marketing, medical and scientific affairs operations, commission payments to our marketing partners for the promotion and sale of EXPAREL, expenses related to communicating health outcome benefits of EXPAREL and educational programs for our customers. General and administrative expenses consist of compensation and benefits for legal, finance, regulatory activities related to approved products and indications, compliance, information technology, human resources, business development, executive management and other supporting personnel. It also includes professional fees for legal, audit, tax and consulting services. Stock-based compensation expense relates to the costs of stock option grants, RSU awards and our ESPP.

The following table provides information regarding our selling, general and administrative expenses during the periods indicated, including percent changes (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			0/ I
	 2019		2018	% Increase / (Decrease)
Sales and marketing	\$ 31,556	\$	25,123	26%
General and administrative	11,837		12,587	(6)%
Stock-based compensation	5,125		6,481	(21)%
Total selling, general and administrative expense	\$ 48,518	\$	44,191	10%
% of total revenues	 53%		59%	

Total selling, general and administrative expenses increased 10% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018.

Sales and marketing expenses increased 26% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we increased selling and promotional activities to support the growth of EXPAREL, including growing a team in the field consisting of account managers focused on the outpatient market, initiatives and commissions related to our co-promotion agreements with DePuy Synthes and additional marketing spend for the launch of ambulatory and dental reimbursement codes, which became effective on January 1, 2019. We are continuing our marketing investment in EXPAREL—including educational initiatives and programs related to the impact of opioids and postsurgical pain management and our national advocacy campaign designed to educate patients about non-opioid treatment options.

General and administrative expenses decreased 6% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 primarily due to a decrease in legal expenditures, partially offset by costs incurred to support the acquisition of MyoScience.

Stock-based compensation decreased 21% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 primarily due to accelerated stock-based compensation expense that occurred in the first quarter of 2018.

Product Discontinuation Expenses

	1	Three Mor Mar		% Increase /
	2	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Product discontinuation	\$	29	\$ 90	(68)%

In both of the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, we recorded charges of less than \$0.1 million related to the discontinuation of our DepoCyt(e) manufacturing activities for asset retirement obligations and other contract and exit costs.

#### Other Income (Expense)

The following table provides the components of other income (expense) during the periods indicated, including percent changes (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			% Increase /
	 2019		2018	(Decrease)
Interest income	\$ 2,156	\$	1,374	57%
Interest expense	(5,814)		(5,157)	13%
Other, net	61		75	N/A
Total other expense, net	\$ (3,597)	\$	(3,708)	(3)%

Total other expense, net decreased 3% in the three months ended March 31, 2019 versus the same period in 2018 primarily due to a \$0.8 million increase in interest income due to higher overall returns on our investments, offset by the combination of an increase in interest expense related to the amortization of the discount on our 2.375% convertible senior notes due 2022, or 2022 Notes, and the absence of capitalized interest related to the completion of our first manufacturing suite in Swindon, England in 2018.

#### Income Tax Expense

The following table provides information regarding our income tax expense during the periods indicated, including percent changes (dollar amounts in thousands):

	 Three Mo Ma	onths E rch 31,	nded	% Increase /	
	 2019		2018	(Decrease)	
Income tax expense	\$ 253	\$	35	100% +	
Effective tax rate	(10)%		0%		

Our income tax expense was \$0.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019 and less than \$0.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2018. The income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 reflects current state income taxes. Due to net operating losses carried forward to 2018 and 2019, and the repeal of the corporate minimum tax, no current federal income tax expense was recorded for 2018 or 2019. Since our deferred tax assets are fully offset by a valuation allowance, income tax expense does not reflect deferred tax expenses.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since our inception in December 2006, we have devoted most of our cash resources to manufacturing, research and development and selling, general and administrative activities related to the development and commercialization of EXPAREL. We are highly dependent on the commercial success of EXPAREL, which we launched in April 2012. We have financed our operations primarily with cash generated from product sales, the proceeds from the sale of equity and debt securities, borrowings under prior debt facilities and collaborative licensing and milestone revenue. As of March 31, 2019, we had an accumulated deficit of \$391.2 million, cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$412.4 million and working capital of \$449.7 million. On April 9, 2019, we completed our acquisition of MyoScience for \$120.0 million in cash. Refer to Note 16, *Subsequent Events*, to our condensed consolidated financial statements for more information on the acquisition of MyoScience.

#### Summary of Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three Mo Mai	nths E ch 31,	
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Data:	 2019		2018
Net cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities	\$ 3,499	\$	(2,689)
Investing activities	78,481		(10,293)
Financing activities	530		419
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 82,510	\$	(12,563)

#### **Operating** Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, net cash provided by operating activities was \$3.5 million compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$2.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2018. The increase of \$6.2 million was primarily attributable to a 22% increase in net product sales of EXPAREL and the timing of interest payments related to our 2022 Notes. These increases were partially offset by increased sales commissions related to our co-promotion agreement with DePuy Synthes and costs to grow sales and marketing teams focused on the outpatient market and the launch of ambulatory and dental reimbursement codes, which became effective on January 1, 2019. The overall increase in operating cash flows was also partially offset by an increase in working capital.

#### Investing Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, net cash provided by investing activities was \$78.5 million, which reflected \$80.5 million of short-term investment maturities (net of purchases), partially offset by purchases of fixed assets of \$2.0 million. Major fixed asset purchases included continuing expenditures for expanding our EXPAREL manufacturing capacity in Swindon, England in partnership with Thermo Fisher, and facility upgrades at our Science Center Campus in San Diego, California.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, net cash used in investing activities was \$10.3 million, which reflected \$2.8 million of short-term and long-term investment purchases (net of maturities), purchases of fixed assets of \$5.2 million and contingent consideration payments of \$2.3 million related to the March 2007 acquisition of Skyepharma Holding, Inc., or Skyepharma. Major fixed asset purchases included continuing expenditures for expanding our EXPAREL manufacturing capacity in Swindon, England in partnership with Thermo Fisher, and facility upgrades at our Science Center Campus in San Diego, California.

#### Financing Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, net cash provided by financing activities was \$0.5 million, which consisted of proceeds from the exercise of stock options of \$1.1 million, partially offset by \$0.6 million of payments made to retire our 3.25% convertible senior notes due 2019.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, net cash provided by financing activities was \$0.4 million, which consisted of proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

#### 2022 Convertible Senior Notes

On March 13, 2017, we completed a private placement of \$345.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2022 Notes, and entered into an indenture, or 2022 Indenture, with respect to the 2022 Notes. The 2022 Notes accrue interest at a fixed rate of 2.375% per annum, payable semiannually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The 2022 Notes mature on April 1, 2022. At March 31, 2019, the outstanding principal on the 2022 Notes was \$345.0 million.

On or after October 1, 2021, until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding April 1, 2022, holders may convert their 2022 Notes at any time. Upon conversion, holders will receive the principal amount of their 2022 Notes and any excess conversion value. For both the principal and excess conversion value, holders may receive cash,

shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our option. The initial conversion rate for the 2022 Notes is 14.9491 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$66.89 per share of our common stock. The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in some events but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest.

Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding October 1, 2021, holders may convert the 2022 Notes under certain circumstances, including if during any given calendar quarter, our stock price closes at or above 130% of the conversion price then applicable during a period of at least 20 out of the last 30 consecutive trading days of the previous quarter.

While the 2022 Notes are currently classified on our consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2019 as long-term debt, the future convertibility and resulting balance sheet classification of this liability will be monitored at each quarterly reporting date and will be analyzed dependent upon market prices of our common stock during the prescribed measurement periods. In the event that the holders of the 2022 Notes have the right to convert the 2022 Notes at any time during the prescribed measurement period, the 2022 Notes would then be considered a current obligation and classified as such.

Prior to April 1, 2020, we may not redeem the 2022 Notes. On or after April 1, 2020, we may redeem for cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our option, all or part of the 2022 Notes if the last reported sale price (as defined in the 2022 Indenture) of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading-day period ending within five trading days prior to the date on which we provide notice of redemption.

See Note 8, Debt, to our condensed consolidated financial statements included herein for further discussion of the 2022 Notes and our other indebtedness.

#### **Future Capital Requirements**

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and cash received from product sales will be sufficient to enable us to fund our operating expenses, capital expenditure requirements, payment of the principal on any conversions of our 2022 Notes and to service our indebtedness through at least May 2, 2020. Our future use of operating cash and capital requirements will depend on many forward-looking factors, including, but not limited to, the following:

- our ability to successfully continue to expand the commercialization of EXPAREL, including outside of the U.S.;
- the costs of successfully integrating MyoScience, now known as Pacira CryoTech, into our existing business and expanding the commercialization of Iovera;
- the cost and timing of future expansion of our manufacturing facilities for EXPAREL and other product candidates, including the construction of an additional manufacturing suite at Thermo Fisher's facility in Swindon, England;
- the timing of and extent to which the holders of our 2022 Notes elect to convert their notes;
- the cost and timing of potential milestone payments to Skyepharma, which could be up to an aggregate of \$36.0 million if certain milestones
  pertaining to net sales of DepoBupivacaine products, including EXPAREL, are met, or upon the first commercial sale in a major E.U. country;
- the cost and timing of potential milestone payments to MyoScience security holders, which could be up to an aggregate of \$100.0 million if certain regulatory and commercial milestones are met;
- costs related to legal and regulatory issues;
- the costs of performing additional clinical trials for EXPAREL, including the pediatric trials required by the FDA as a condition of approval;
- · the costs for the development and commercialization of other product candidates; and
- · the extent to which we acquire or invest in products, businesses and technologies.

We may require additional debt or equity financing to meet our future operating and capital requirements. We have no committed external sources of funds, and additional equity or debt financing may not be available on acceptable terms, if at all.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements as of March 31, 2019, nor do we have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates**

See Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, to our condensed consolidated financial statements included herein for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements and their impact or future potential impact on our financial results, if determinable. For a description of critical accounting policies that affect our significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements, refer to our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

There are no material changes in our contractual obligations relating to our indebtedness, lease obligations and purchase obligations from those reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. For more information on our contractual obligations and commercial commitments, see Part II, Item 7 in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

As discussed above with the MyoScience acquisition, under the definitive agreement and plan of merger, MyoScience security holders will be eligible to receive up to an additional \$100.0 million in contingent payments upon the achievement of certain regulatory and commercial milestones.

#### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The primary objective of our cash equivalents and investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing the income that we receive from our investments without significantly increasing risk. We invest in corporate bonds, commercial paper and asset-backed securities, which are reported at fair value. These securities are subject to interest rate risk. This means that a change in prevailing interest rates may cause the principal amount of the investment to fluctuate. For example, if we hold a security that was issued with a fixed interest rate at the then-prevailing rate and the interest rate later rises, we expect that the fair value of our investment will decline. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates would have reduced the fair value of our available-for-sale securities at March 31, 2019 by approximately \$0.8 million.

In March 2017, we issued \$345.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2022 Notes, which mature in April 2022. Holders may convert their 2022 Notes prior to maturity under certain circumstances. Upon conversion, holders will receive the principal amount of the 2022 Notes and any excess conversion value in cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares, at our option. The fair value of the 2022 Notes is impacted by both the fair value of our common stock and interest rate fluctuations. As of March 31, 2019, the estimated fair value of the 2022 Notes was \$985 per \$1,000 principal amount. See Note 8, *Debt*, to our condensed consolidated financial statements included herein for further discussion of the 2022 Notes. At March 31, 2019, all \$345.0 million of principal remains outstanding on the 2022 Notes.

Additionally, our accounts receivable are concentrated with three large regional wholesalers of pharmaceutical products. In the event of non-performance or non-payment, there may be a material adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations or net cash flow.

#### Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman and our Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. As defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures which are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2019.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman and our Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we have been and may again become involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. Except as described below, we are not presently a party to any litigation or legal proceedings that we believe to be material and we are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation against us that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows.

In April 2015, we received a subpoena from the U.S. Department of Justice, U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of New Jersey, requiring the production of a broad range of documents pertaining to marketing and promotional practices related to EXPAREL. We are cooperating with the government's inquiry. We can make no assurances as to the time or resources that will need to be devoted to this inquiry or its final outcome, or the impact, if any, of this inquiry or any proceedings on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

## Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, which could materially affect our business, financial condition, cash flows or future results. Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes in our risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 are not the only risks facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results.

# We may be unable to successfully integrate the business and personnel of MyoScience, and may not realize the anticipated synergies and benefits of such acquisition.

We completed the acquisition of MyoScience on April 9, 2019. We may not realize the expected benefits from such acquisition because of integration difficulties or other challenges.



The success of the MyoScience acquisition will depend, in part, on our ability to realize all or some of the anticipated synergies and other benefits from integrating the business with our existing business. The integration process may be complex, costly and time-consuming. The potential difficulties we may face in integrating the operations of MyoScience include, among others:

- failure to successfully implement our business plans for the combined business;
- unexpected losses of key employees, customers or suppliers, and the complexities associated with integrating personnel from another company;
- unanticipated issues in conforming MyoScience's standards, processes, procedures and controls with our operations;
- coordinating new product and process development;
- increasing the scope, geographic diversity and complexity of our operations;
- diversion of management's attention from other business concerns;
- adverse effects on our or MyoScience's existing business relationships;
- unanticipated changes in applicable laws and regulations;
- · unanticipated expenses and liabilities associated with the acquisition of MyoScience; and
- other difficulties in the assimilation of MyoScience operations, technologies, products and systems.

Any acquired companies and businesses may have unanticipated or larger than anticipated liabilities for patent and trademark infringement claims, violations of laws, commercial disputes, taxes and other known and unknown types of liabilities. There may be liabilities that we underestimated or did not discover in the course of performing our due diligence investigation.

If we experience difficulties with the integration process or if the business of MyoScience deteriorates, the anticipated cost savings, growth opportunities and other synergies of the MyoScience acquisition may not be realized fully or at all, or may take longer to realize than expected. If any of the above risks occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows may be materially and adversely impacted, we may fail to meet the expectations of investors or analysts, and our stock price may decline as a result.

#### Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

## Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

## Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

#### Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

## Item 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are filed or furnished as part of this report.

Exhibit	
Number	Description
<u>2.1</u>	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated March 4, 2019, by and among Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc., PS Merger, Inc., MyoScience, Inc., and Fortis Advisors LLC, as the securityholders' representative. (1) # +
<u>4.1</u>	Specimen Certificate Evidencing Shares of Common Stock.*
<u>10.1</u>	Executive Employment Agreement, dated May 29, 2017, between the Registrant and Dennis McLoughlin.* †
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as amended.*
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as amended.*
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
101	The following materials from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Pacira BioSciences, Inc. for the quarter ended March 31, 2019, formatted in iXBRL (Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss; (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity; (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) the Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*
* Filed	herewith.
** Furn	shed herewith.
† Denotes 1	nanagement contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
	ain schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The apany hereby undertakes to supplementally furnish copies of any omitted schedules to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
	fidential treatment requested as to certain portions, which portions were omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission uant to a Confidential Treatment Request.

(1) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 5, 2019.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC. (REGISTRANT)

Dated:

Dated:

May 2, 2019

/s/ DAVID STACK

David Stack Chief Executive Officer and Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)

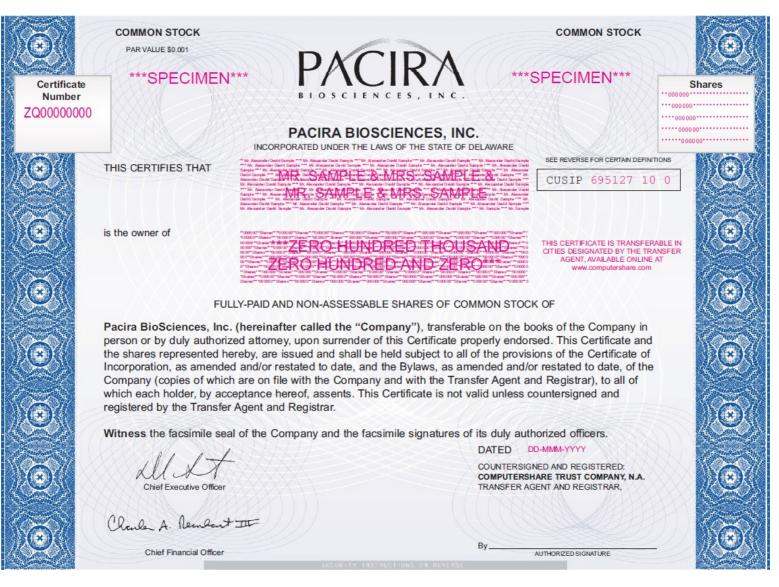
May 2, 2019

/s/ CHARLES A. REINHART, III

Charles A. Reinhart, III Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

#### Exhibit 4.1

#### SPECIMEN CERTIFICATE EVIDENCING SHARES OF COMMON STOCK PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC.



#### PACIRA BIOSCIENCES, INC.

THE COMPANY WILL FURNISH WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH SHAREHOLDER WHO SO REQUESTS, A SUMMARY OF THE POWERS, DESIGNATIONS, PREFERENCES AND RELATIVE, PARTICIPATING, OPTIONAL OR OTHER SPECIAL RIGHTS OF EACH CLASS OF STOCK OF THE COMPANY AND THE QUALIFICATIONS, LIMITATIONS OR RESTRICTIONS OF SUCH PREFERENCES AND RIGHTS, AND THE VARIATIONS IN RIGHTS, PREFERENCES AND LIMITATIONS DETERMINED FOR EACH SERIES, WHICH ARE FIXED BY THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF THE COMPANY, AS AMENDED AND/OR RESTATED TO DATE, AND THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY, AND THE AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO DETERMINE VARIATIONS FOR FUTURE SERIES. SUCH REQUEST MAY BE MADE TO THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY OR TO THE TRANSFER AGENT. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS MAY REQUIRE THE OWNER OF A LOST OR DESTROYED STOCK CERTIFICATE. OR HIS LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES, TO GIVE THE COMPANY A BOND TO INDEMNIFY IT AND ITS TRANSFER AGENTS AND REGISTRARS AGAINST ANY CLAIM THAT MAY BE MADE AGAINST THEM ON ACCOUNT OF THE ALLEGED LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF ANY SUCH CERTIFICATE.

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription according to applicable laws or regulations:	n on the face of this certifica	te, shall be construed as though they were written out in full
TEN COM - as tenants in common	UNIF GIFT MIN ACT	Custodian
TEN ENT - as tenants by the entireties		(Cust) (Minor) under Uniform Gifts to Minors Act.
JT TEN - as joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common	UNIF TRF MIN ACT	Custodian (until age
Additional abbreviations may also be used though not	in the above list.	(Minor) (State)
For value received hereb	by sell, assign and transfer u	PLEASE INSERT SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER DENTIFYING NUMBER OF ASSIGNED into
		25
PLEASE PRINT OR TYPEWRITE NAME AND ADDRESS, INCLUDING POSTALZIP CODE, O	OF ASSIGNEE)	
	MARCONDAN INS	
	25 25 2	
of the capital stock represented by the within Certificate, an	nd do hereby irrevocably on	Share
of the capital stock represented by the within Certificate, an	to do neleby in evocably co	Attorne
to transfer the said stock on the books of the within-named	Company with full power of	
		I MAREN AND AN IN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
Dated:	20	Signature (s) Quaranteed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp THE SIGNUTES(S) SHOLD BE QUARANTED BY AN ELIGIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Barka, Structures, Savings and Loan Associations and Credit Unions) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED SIGNUTURE QUARANTEE MEDAL LUON PROGRAM. PURSIANT TO SEC. RLB: ETXA15
	20	Signa ture (s) Quaran teed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp THE SIGNATURE(S) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELICIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Banka, Shudhriken, Savinga and Lana Associations and Cradit Unions) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED
Dated:	20	Signa ture (s) Quaranteed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp THE SIGNATURE(s) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELICIELE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Banka, Studbriker, Savings and Laan Associations and Credit Unions) WITH MEMBERSHP IN AN APPROVED
	20	Signa ture (s) Quaranteed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp THE SIGNATURE(s) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELICIELE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Banka, Studbriker, Savings and Laan Associations and Credit Unions) WITH MEMBERSHP IN AN APPROVED
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Signature: Signature: Notice: The signature to this assignment must co as written upon the face of the certific	prrespond with the name rate, in every particular,	Signa ture (s) Quaran teed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp THE SIGNATURE(S) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELICIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Banka, Shudhriken, Savinga and Lana Associations and Cradit Unions) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED
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Signature: Signature: Notice: The signature to this assignment must co as written upon the face of the certific	prrespond with the name rate, in every particular,	Signa ture (s) Quaran teed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp THE SIGNATURE(S) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELICIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Banka, Shudhriken, Savinga and Lana Associations and Cradit Unions) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED

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THIS IS WATERMARKED PAPER, DO NOT ACCEPT WITHOUT NOTING WATERMARK, HOLD TO LIGHT TO VER FY WATERMARK.



The IRS inquires that the named transfer agent ("we") report the cost basis of certain shares or units acquired after January 1, 2011. If your shares or units are covered by the legislation, and you requested to sell or transfer the shares or units using a specific cost basis actuation method, then we have processed as you requested. If you did not specify a cost basis calculation method, then we have defaulted to the first in, first out (HFO) method. Please consult your tax advisor if you need additional information about cost basis.

If you do not keep in contact with the issuer or do not have any activity in your account for the time period specified by state law, your property may become subject to state unclaimed property laws and transferred to the appropriate state.

#### **EXECUTIVE EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT**

This Executive Employment Agreement (the "<u>Agreement</u>"), is entered into as of May 29, 2017 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>"), by and between Pacira Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a California corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and Dennis McLoughlin (the "<u>Executive</u>").

## **RECITALS**

WHEREAS, the Company wishes to employ the Executive, and the Executive desires to be employed by the Company, for such purpose and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter provided; and

WHEREAS, the parties wish to establish the terms of the Executive's future employment with the Company and set out fully their respective rights, obligations and duties.

#### AGREEMENT

In consideration of the promises and the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, the parties agree as follows:

1. <u>Title and Capacity</u>. The Company hereby agrees to continue to employ the Executive, and the Executive hereby accepts continued employment with the Company, under the terms set forth in this Agreement. The Executive will serve as the Vice President, Alliance Management Strategy & Corporate Development and shall perform such duties as are ordinary, customary and necessary in such role. The Executive will report directly to the Chief Strategy Officer. The Executive shall devote his full business time, skill and attention to the performance of his duties on behalf of the Company.

#### 2. Compensation and Benefits.

(a) <u>Salary</u>. The Company agrees to pay the Executive an annual base salary of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000) payable in accordance with Company's customary payroll practice (the "<u>Base Salary</u>"). The Executive's Base Salary shall be reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "<u>Board</u>"); *provided*, *however*, that any such review will not necessarily result in an adjustment to the Executive's Base Salary. Any change in the Executive's Base Salary must be approved by the Board.

(b) <u>Bonus</u>. The Executive is eligible to receive, in addition to the Base Salary and subject to the terms hereof and at the full discretion of the Board, a targeted incentive bonus of Thirty five percent (35%) of Base Salary (the "<u>Targeted Incentive Bonus</u>"). The Targeted Incentive Bonus shall be based on the Executive's and the Company's performance during the applicable fiscal year, as determined by the Board. The Targeted Incentive Bonus criteria or "goals" will be determined by agreement between the Board and the Executive at beginning of each fiscal year. The award of the Target Incentive Bonus may be in an amount either above or below the amount specified by the Board at the beginning of each fiscal year based on the ultimate performance assessed by the Board.

Targeted Incentive Bonuses shall be determined and approved by the Board in its sole discretion.

All salary and bonuses shall be subject to all applicable withholdings and deductions.

(c) <u>Stock Options and Restricted Stock Units</u>. Company will grant to the Executive a stock option ("<u>Option</u>") to purchase an aggregate of Ten thousand (10,000) shares of the Company's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share (along with any subsequent grants, the "<u>Option Shares</u>"), pursuant to the Company's Amended and Restated 2011 Stock Option/Stock Issuance (the "<u>Plan</u>"). The exercise price, vesting schedule and other terms for the Option will be set forth in the notice of grant and option agreement for such Option and the Option is subject to accelerated vesting as set forth in Section 3 hereof. Additional equity incentives, if any, shall be determined by the Board (or a committee thereof) in its sole discretion. All share figures set forth herein shall be subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, stock combinations, recapitalizations and similar events.

(d) <u>Benefits</u>. The Executive (and, where applicable, the Executive's qualified dependents) will be eligible to participate in health insurance and other employee benefit plans and policies established by the Company for its executive team from time to time on substantially the same terms as are made available to other such employees of the Company generally. The Executive's participation (and the participation of the Executive's qualified dependents) in the Company's benefit plans and policies

will be subject to the terms of the applicable plan documents and the Company's generally applied policies, and the Company in its sole discretion may from time to time adopt, modify, interpret or discontinue such plans or policies.

(e) <u>Expenses</u>. The Company will reimburse the Executive for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the Executive in connection with the Company's business, in accordance with the applicable Company policy as may be amended from time to time.

(f) <u>Vacation and Holidays</u>. The Executive shall be eligible for thirty (30) days' paid vacation/flexible time off per calendar year subject to the applicable terms and conditions of the Company's vacation policy and applicable law.

(g) <u>Termination of Benefits</u>. Except as set forth in Section 3 or as otherwise specified herein or in any other agreement between the Executive and the Company, if the Executive's employment is terminated by the Company for any reason, with or without Cause (as defined below), or if the Executive resigns the Executive's employment voluntarily, with or without Good Reason (as defined below), no compensation or other payments will be paid or provided to the Executive for periods following the date when such a termination of employment is effective, provided that any rights the Executive may have under the Company's benefit plans shall be determined under the provisions of such plans. If the Executive's employment terminates as a result of the Executive's death or disability, no compensation or payments will be made to the Executive other than those to which the Executive may otherwise be entitled under the benefit plans of the Company.

3. <u>Compensation and Benefits Upon Termination of Employment</u>. Upon termination of the Executive's employment (such date of termination being referred to as the "<u>Termination Date</u>"), the Company will pay the Executive the compensation and benefits as described in this Section 3.

(a) <u>General Benefits Upon Termination</u>. The Company will pay the Executive on or about the Termination Date all salary and vacation/personal time off pay, if any, that has been earned or accrued through the Termination Date and that has not been previously paid.

(b) Termination without "Cause" or for "Good Reason". In the event that the Company terminates the Executive's employment without Cause (as defined below) or, in the event the Executive terminates his employment for Good Reason (as defined below), in each case, (i) the Executive shall be entitled to receive (A) continuing payments of the then effective Base Salary for a period of nine (9) months beginning on the Payment Commencement Date and payable in accordance with the Company's payroll policies and (B) the benefits set forth in <u>Section 3(e)</u>, and (ii) the Executive shall be entitled to acceleration of vesting of such number of Option Shares and time based restricted stock unit grants then held by Executive as would have vested in the nine (9) month period following the Termination Date had the Executive continued to be employed by the Company for such period, *however* that in each case the receipt of such payments and benefits is expressly contingent upon the Executive's execution and delivery of a severance and release of claims agreement drafted by and satisfactory to counsel for the Company (the "<u>Release</u>") which Release must be executed and become effective within sixty (60) days following the Termination Date. The payments and benefits shall be paid or commence on the first payroll period following the date the Release becomes effective (the "<u>Payment Commencement Date</u>"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the 60<sup>th</sup> day following the Termination Date occurs in the calendar year following the termination, then the Payment Commencement Date shall be no earlier than January 1st of such subsequent calendar year. The provision of payments and benefits pursuant to this Section shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth on <u>Exhibit A</u>.

(c) Termination without "Cause" or for "Good Reason" Prior to or Following a Change of Control. In the event that the Company terminates the Executive's employment without Cause (as defined below) or, in the event the Executive terminates his employment for Good Reason (as defined below), in each case, within thirty (30) days prior to, or twelve (12) months following, the consummation of a Change of Control, then (i) the Executive shall be entitled to receive (A) continuing payments of the then effective Base Salary for a period of twelve (12) months beginning on the Payment Commencement Date and payable in accordance with the Company's payroll policies, (B) in lieu of the Targeted Incentive Bonus, a bonus payment in the amount of thirty-five percent (35%) of Executive's then current Base Salary payable in one lump sum on the Payment Commencement Date and (C) the benefits set forth in Section 3(e), and (ii) acceleration of vesting of one hundred percent (100%) of the then unvested Option Shares and time-based restricted stock unit grants then held by Executive, provided, however that in each case: (x), the receipt of such payments and benefits is expressly contingent upon the Executive's execution and delivery of a Release as described above drafted by and satisfactory to counsel for the Company, which Release must be executed and become effective within sixty (60) days following the Termination Date. The provision of payments and benefits pursuant to this Section shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in <u>Exhibit A</u>.

#### (d) Definitions.

(i) "<u>Change of Control</u>" means (A) a merger or consolidation of either the Company or Pacira, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("<u>Parent</u>") into another entity in which the stockholders of the Company or Parent (as applicable) do not control fifty percent (50%) or more of the total voting power of the surviving entity (other than a reincorporation merger); (B) the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets in liquidation or dissolution of the Company; or (C) the sale or transfer of more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting stock of the Company. In the case of each of the foregoing clauses (A), (B) and (C), a Change of Control as a result of a financing transaction of the Company or Parent shall not constitute a Change of Control for purposes of this Agreement

(ii) "<u>Cause</u>" means (A) the Executive's failure to substantially perform his duties to the Company after there has been delivered to the Executive written notice setting forth in detail the specific respects in which the Board believes that the Executive has not substantially performed his duties and, if the Company reasonably considers the situation to be correctable, a demand for substantial performance and opportunity to cure, giving the Executive thirty (30) calendar days after he receives such notice to correct the situation; (B) the Executive's having engaged in fraud, misconduct, dishonesty, gross negligence or having otherwise acted in a manner injurious to the Company or in intentional disregard for the Company's best interests; (C) the Executive's failure to follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the Board and the Executive's failure to cure such failure after receiving twenty (20) days advance written notice; (D) the Executive's material breach of the terms of this Agreement or the Employee Proprietary Information and Inventions Assignment Agreement or any other similar agreement that may be in effect from time to time; or (E) the Executive's conviction of, or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, any misdemeanor involving dishonesty or moral turpitude or related to the Company's business, or any felony.

(iii) "<u>Good Reason</u>" means the occurrence of any one or more of the following events without the prior written consent of the Executive: (A) any material reduction of the then effective Base Salary other than in accordance with this Agreement or which reduction is not related to a cross-executive team salary reduction; (B) any material breach by the Company of this Agreement; or (C) a material reduction in the Executive's responsibilities or duties, provided that in the case of clause (C), a mere reassignment following a Change of Control to a position that is substantially similar to the position held prior to the Change of Control transaction shall not constitute a material reduction in job responsibilities or duties; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that no such event or condition shall constitute Good Reason unless (x) the Executive gives the Company a written notice of termination for Good Reason not more than ninety (90) days after the initial existence of the condition, (y) the grounds for termination (if susceptible to correction) are not corrected by the Company within thirty (30) days of its receipt of such notice and (z) the Termination Date occurs within one (1) year following the Company's receipt of such notice.

(e) <u>Benefits Continuation</u>. If the Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to <u>Section 3(b)</u> or <u>Section 3(c)</u> and provided that the Executive is eligible for and elects to continue receiving group health and dental insurance pursuant to the federal "COBRA" law, 29 U.S.C. § 1161 <u>et seq.</u>, the Company will, for a twelve (12) month period following the Payment Commencement Date (the "<u>Benefits Continuation Period</u>"), continue to pay the share of the premium for such coverage that is paid by the Company for active and similarly-situated employees who receive the same type of coverage. The remaining balance of any premium costs shall be paid by the Executive on a monthly basis for as long as, and to the extent that, the Executive remains eligible for COBRA continuation. Notwithstanding the above, in the event the Executive becomes eligible for health insurance benefits from a new employer during the Benefits Continuation Period, the Company's obligations under this <u>Section 3(e)</u> shall immediately cease and the Executive shall not be entitled to any additional monthly premium payments for health insurance coverage. Similarly, in the event the Executive becomes eligible for dental insurance benefits from a new employer during the Benefits Continuation Period, the Company's obligations under this <u>Section 3(e)</u> shall immediately cease and the Executive shall not be entitled to any additional monthly premium payments for dental insurance coverage. The Executive hereby represents that he will notify the Company in writing within three (3) days of becoming eligible for health or dental insurance benefits from a new employer during the Benefits Continuation Period

(f) <u>Death</u>. This Agreement shall automatically terminate upon the death of the Executive and all monetary obligations of Company under Section 2 of this Agreement shall be prorated to the date of death and paid to the Executive's estate.

(g) <u>Disability</u>. The Company may terminate the Executive's employment if the Executive is unable to perform any of the duties required under this Agreement for a period of three (3) consecutive months due to a "Total and Permanent Disability". The term "<u>Total and Permanent Disability</u>" shall mean the existence of a permanent physical or mental illness or injury, which renders the Executive incapable of performing any material obligations or terms of this Agreement. Any dispute regarding the existence of a Total and Permanent Disability shall be resolved by a panel of three (3) physicians, one selected by Company, one selected by the other two physicians. A termination of employment pursuant to this Section 3(f) shall constitute a termination for Cause.

4. <u>At-Will Employment</u>. The Executive will be an "at-will" employee of the Company, which means the employment relationship can be terminated by either the Executive or the Company for any reason, at any time, with or without prior notice and with or without cause. The Company makes no promise that the Executive's employment will continue for any particular period of time, nor is there any promise that it will be terminated only under particular circumstances. No raise or bonus, if any, shall alter the Executive's status as an "at-will" employee or create any implied contract of employment. Discussion of possible or potential benefits in future years is not an express or implied promise of continued employment. No manager, supervisor or officer of the Company has the authority to change the Executive's status as an "at-will" employee. The "at-will" nature of the employment relationship with the Executive can only be altered by a written resolution approved by the Board.

#### 5. Non-Solicitation.

(a) <u>Non-Solicit</u>. The Executive agrees that during the term of the Executive's employment with the Company, and for a period of twelve (12) months immediately following the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company for any reason, whether with or without Cause or Good Reason, the Executive shall not either directly or indirectly solicit, induce, recruit or encourage any of the Company's or its affiliates' employees or consultants to terminate such employee's or consultant's relationship with the Company or its affiliates, or attempt to solicit, induce, recruit, encourage or take away employees or consultants of the Company or any of its affiliates, either for the Executive or for any other person or entity. Further, during the Executive's employment with the Company or any of its affiliates and at any time following termination of the Executive's employment with the Company or any of its affiliates for any reason, with or without Cause or Good Reason, the Executive shall not use any confidential information of the Company or any of its affiliates to attempt to negatively influence any of the Company's or any of its affiliates' clients or customers from purchasing Company products or services or to solicit or influence or attempt to influence any client, customer or other person either directly or indirectly, to direct such person's or entity's purchase of products and/or services to any person, firm, corporation, institution or other entity in competition with the business of the Company or any of its affiliates.

(b) <u>Specific Performance</u>. In the event of the breach or threatened breach by the Executive of this Section 5, the Company, in addition to all other remedies available to it at law or in equity, will be entitled to seek injunctive relief and/or specific performance to enforce this Section 5.

6. <u>Director and Officer Liability Insurance; Indemnification</u>. During the term of the Executive's employment hereunder, the Executive shall be entitled to the same indemnification and director and officer liability insurance as the Company and its affiliates maintain for other corporate officers.

7. <u>Proprietary Information and Inventions Assignment Agreement</u>. The Executive has executed and delivered the Company's standard Employee Proprietary Information and Inventions Assignment Agreement or similar agreement and the Executive represents and warrants that the Executive shall continue to be bound and abide by such Employee Proprietary Information and Inventions Assignment Agreement.

8. Attention to Duties; Conflict of Interest. While employed by the Company, the Executive shall devote the Executive's full business time, energy and abilities exclusively to the business and interests of the Company, and shall perform all duties and services in a faithful and diligent manner and to the best of the Executive's abilities. The Executive shall not, without the Company's prior written consent, render to others services of any kind for compensation, or engage in any other business activity that would materially interfere with the performance of the Executive's duties under this Agreement. The Executive represents that the Executive has no other outstanding commitments inconsistent with any of the terms of this Agreement or the services to be rendered to the Company. While employed by the Company, the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly, whether as a partner, employee, creditor, shareholder, or otherwise, promote, participate or engage in any activity or other business competitive with the Company's business. The Executive shall not invest in any company or business which competes in any manner with the Company, except those companies whose securities are listed on reputable securities exchanges in the United States or European Union.

#### 9. Miscellaneous.

(a) <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement shall be found by any arbitrator or court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, then the parties hereby waive such provision to the extent that it is found to be invalid or unenforceable and to the extent that to do so would not deprive one of the parties of the substantial benefit of its bargain. Such provision shall, to the extent allowable by law and the preceding sentence, be modified by such arbitrator or court so that it becomes enforceable and, as modified, shall be enforced as any other provision hereof, all the other provisions continuing in full force and effect.

(b) <u>No Waiver</u>. The failure by either party at any time to require performance or compliance by the other of any of its obligations or agreements shall in no way affect the right to require such performance or compliance at any time thereafter. The waiver by either party of a breach of any provision hereof shall not be taken or held to be a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach of such provision or as a waiver of the provision itself. No waiver of any kind shall be effective or binding, unless it is in writing and is signed by the party against whom such waiver is sought to be enforced.

(c) <u>Assignment</u>. This Agreement and all rights hereunder are personal to the Executive and may not be transferred or assigned by the Executive at any time. The Company may assign its rights, together with its obligations hereunder, to any parent, subsidiary, affiliate or successor, or in connection with any sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of its business and assets; *provided, however*, that any such assignee assumes the Company's obligations hereunder.

(d) <u>Withholding</u>. All sums payable to the Executive hereunder shall be reduced by all federal, state, local and other withholding and similar taxes and payments required by applicable law.

(e) <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement, including the agreements referred to herein (which are deemed incorporated by reference herein) constitute the entire and only agreement and understanding between the parties governing the terms and conditions of employment of the Executive with the Company and this Agreement supersedes and cancels any and all previous contracts, arrangements or understandings with governing the terms and conditions of the Executive's employment by the Company. In the event of any conflict between the terms of any other agreement between the Executive and the Company entered into prior to the Effective Date, the terms of this Agreement shall control.

(f) <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended, modified, superseded, cancelled, renewed or extended only by an agreement in writing executed by both parties hereto.

(g) <u>Headings</u>. The headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall in no way affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. In this Agreement, the singular includes the plural, the plural included the singular, the masculine gender includes both male and female referents, and the word "or" is used in the inclusive sense.

(h) <u>Notices</u>. Any notices provided hereunder must be in writing and shall be deemed effective upon the earlier of personal delivery (including, personal delivery by facsimile transmission or the third day after mailing by first class mail) to the Company at its primary office location and to the Executive at his address as listed on the Company payroll (which address may be changed by written notice).

(i) <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which, taken together, constitute one and the same agreement.

(j) <u>Governing Law, Forum Selection, Jury Waiver</u>. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties hereto shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws. Any action, suit or other legal proceeding that is commenced to resolve any matter arising under or relating to any provision of this Agreement shall be commenced only in a court of the State of New Jersey (or, if appropriate, a federal court located within Southern District of Jersey), and the Company and the Executive each consents to the jurisdiction of such a court. Both the Company and the Executive expressly waive any right that any party either has or may have to a jury trial of any dispute arising out of or in any way related to the Executive's employment with or termination from the Company.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and the Executive have executed this Executive Employment Agreement as of the date first above written.

## PACIRA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.:

By: /s/ Rich Kahr Vice President, Human Resources

## **EXECUTIVE:**

/s/ Dennis McLoughlin

#### EXHIBIT A

#### **Payments Subject to Section 409A**

1. Subject to this <u>Exhibit A</u>, any severance payments and benefits that may be due under the Agreement shall begin only upon the date of the Executive's "separation from service" (determined as set forth below) which occurs on or after the termination of the Executive's employment. The following rules shall apply with respect to distribution of the severance payments and benefits, if any, to be provided to the Executive under the Agreement, as applicable:

(a) It is intended that each installment of the severance payments and benefits under the Agreement provided under shall be treated as a separate "payment" for purposes of Section 409A. Neither the Company nor the Executive shall have the right to accelerate or defer the delivery of any such payments or benefits except to the extent specifically permitted or required by Section 409A.

(b) If, as of the date of the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company, the Executive is not a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A), then each installment of the severance payments or benefits shall be made on the dates and terms set forth in the Agreement.

(c) If, as of the date of the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company, the Executive is a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A), then:

(i) Each installment of the severance payments and benefits due under the Agreement that, in accordance with the dates and terms set forth herein, will in all circumstances, regardless of when the Executive's separation from service occurs, be paid within the short-term deferral period (as defined under Section 409A) shall be treated as a short-term deferral within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(4) to the maximum extent permissible under Section 409A and shall be paid at the time set forth in the Agreement; and

(ii) Each installment of the severance payments and benefits due under the Agreement that is not described in this Exhibit A. Section 1(c)(i) and that would, absent this subsection, be paid within the six-month period following the Executive's "separation from service" from the Company shall not be paid until the date that is six months and one day after such separation from service (or, if earlier, the Executive's death), with any such installments that are required to be delayed being accumulated during the six-month period and paid in a lump sum on the date that is six months and one day following the Executive's separation from service and any subsequent installments, if any, being paid in accordance with the dates and terms set forth herein; provided, however, that the preceding provisions of this sentence shall not apply to any installment of payments and benefits if and to the maximum extent that that such installment is deemed to be paid under a separation pay plan that does not provide for a deferral of compensation by reason of the application of Treasury Regulation 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) (relating to separation pay upon an involuntary separation from service). Any installments that qualify for the exception under Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) must be paid no later than the last day of the Executive's second taxable year following the taxable year in which the separation from service occurs.

2. The determination of whether and when the Executive's separation from service from the Company has occurred shall be made and in a manner consistent with, and based on the presumptions set forth in, Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h). Solely for purposes of this Exhibit A, Section 2, "Company" shall include all persons with whom the Company would be considered a single employer under Section 414(b) and 414(c) of the Code.

3. The Company makes no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to the Executive or to any other person if any of the provisions of the Agreement (including this Exhibit) are determined to constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A but that do not satisfy an exemption from, or the conditions of, that section.

#### CERTIFICATION

I, David Stack, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pacira BioSciences, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to
    ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those
    entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2019

/s/ DAVID STACK

David Stack Chief Executive Officer and Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)

#### CERTIFICATION

I, Charles A. Reinhart, III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pacira BioSciences, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2019

/s/ CHARLES A. REINHART, III

Charles A. Reinhart, III Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

#### **CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. §1350**

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, the undersigned certifies that this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Pacira BioSciences, Inc. for the quarter ended March 31, 2019, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in this report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pacira BioSciences, Inc.

Date: May 2, 2019

/s/ DAVID STACK

David Stack Chief Executive Officer and Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ CHARLES A. REINHART, III

Charles A. Reinhart, III Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 2, 2019